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Haiti – Un paradis pentru criminalitatea de stat. Agenda nespusă, gazele naturale offshore din Haiti?

De [Peter Koenig](#)

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În articolul său recent „[Destabilizarea Haitiului: Anatomia unei lovituri de stat militare](#)”, profesorul Michel Chossudovsky memorează 29 februarie 2024 ca fiind cea de-a 20-a aniversare a loviturii de stat împotriva președintelui ales al Haitiului **Jean-Bertrand Aristide**.

El descrie, de asemenea, motivele militare pentru a controla Haiti, și anume de a destabiliza țara și de a o scufunda într-un haos constant. Acesta este exact ceea ce s-a întâmplat. Haiti se află într-o stare constantă de sărăcie aproape absolută – de departe cea mai săracă țară din toată America Latină, conform indicilor oficiali ONU/Băncii Mondiale.

Există vreun motiv?

După cum vom vedea, Haiti este, de asemenea, una dintre cele mai bogate țări din lume, pe cap de locuitor, judecată după resursele naturale disponibile, petrol și gaze. Descoperit înainte de cutremurul din 2010 și confirmat de uriașul seism Richter de 7.0.

Depozitele potențiale de hidrocarburi din Haiti

Comisia Economică pentru America Latină (ECLA), a emis în mai 1980 un raport în cadrul Comitetului pentru Dezvoltare și Cooperare din Caraibe (CDCC), care descrie probabilitatea unor zăcăminte mari de petrol în Caraibe, inclusiv în larg din Port-au-Prince, Haiti. , Vezi [asta](#) . Se spune că Haiti are, de asemenea, gaze naturale off-shore în valoare de trilioane de dolari, vezi [asta](#) .

Aceste descoperiri au fost probabil făcute în anii 1970 și 1980, poate mai devreme, de imaginile satelitare din SUA. Sateliții americani au cartografiat lumea pentru resursele de hidrocarburi deja cu cel puțin 50 de ani în urmă. Astfel de informații erau disponibile pe internet – nu mai erau.

Scurtă istorie și antecedente haitiane

François Duvalier , cunoscut și sub numele de Papa Doc, a ocupat funcția de președinte al Haitiului din 1957 până la moartea sa în 1971. El a fost succedat de fiul său în vârstă de 19 ani, **Jean-Claude Duvalier** , supranumit „Baby Doc”.

The Duvalier dynasty was an autocratic hereditary dictatorship, indiscriminately killing people who dared interfering with their government style. The dynasty empire lasted almost 29 years, from 1957 until 1986, spanning the rule of the father-and-son duo, François and Jean-Claude Duvalier. Both served the US' political and economic interests.

The sociopolitical situation in Haiti deteriorated seriously under the regime of Baby Doc and his powerful wife. In 1986, President Reagon asked Jean-Claude to leave Haiti, so that the US could “help install” a more stable and serious government. In February 1986 Baby Doc fled to France in a US airforce jet.

The end of the Duvalier dynasty brought hope for “freedom” and democracy to the Haitian people. There was a succession of short-lived presidents until 1991, when **Jean-Bertrand Aristide** was first elected in February 1991. His presidency lasted 234 days, when a brief military government took over.

In the ten years following Mr. Aristide's first election, the US-supported political turmoil in Haiti, with a succession of heads of state, during which Mr. Aristide was four times elected president.

His last presidency started in February 2001 and ended three years later when Mr. Aristide, Haiti's first democratically elected President, was quietly deposed by a US-guided coup on 29 February 2004 and deported to South Africa, where he presumably still lives in exile. He was *discouraged* by the US State Department from returning to Haiti.

This coup was planned well in advance, by the US, France and Canada. The subsequent process of militarization (foreign troops) was undertaken on behalf of Washington Brazil under the helm of progressive "socialist" President, **Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva** – Lula for short — and **George W. Bush**, both then Presidents of their respective countries, Brazil and United States.

By now we know that Lula has nothing of progressive, and even less of "socialist" in him. He is and has been totally sold to the usurping west, to Wall Street and the IMF – and that already during his first two terms as President of Brazil, 2003-2011.

Both Lula and Bush are traitors of their countries but Lula, a make-believe socialist, has deeply betrayed his country during his first two terms, and now, since 1 January 2023, in his third term, but also the people of Haiti.

After associating with Wall Street and the IMF during his first two terms, Lula is again allying with the money brokers – the debt machines, as one may call them.

Remember during the French Revolution (1789-99), French black slaves in Haiti launched the Haitian Revolution (1791-1804), led by a former slave and black general of the French Army. After 12 years of struggle and conflict, Napoleon Bonaparte's forces were defeated, and on 1 January 1804 Haiti declared her sovereign independence.

Haiti, thus, became the first independent nation of Latin America and the Caribbean, and the first country in the Americas to eliminate slavery. Haiti is the only state in history established by a successful slave revolt.

In the 1980s, with close to 200 years of independence (on January 1, 2024, Haiti celebrated 220 years of independence), a black, sovereign, autonomous island in the Caribbean was perceived as a "danger" for the United States' "national security". There already was a "Communist Cuba" to deal with just 90 miles (150 km) from the southern Florida border. A black independent, uncontrolled, Haiti was beyond limits for a still racist white US supremacy.

Plus, at that time, **Haiti's riches in petrol and gas were already known to Washington, though, most likely not to Haiti.**

Thus, the US, French and Canada ganged up against Haiti's government to control the island and her riches. Chaos was the modus operandi – and US-induced chaos and crime reign up to this day over Haiti.

The 2010 Earthquake

What is important to know is that there are no coincidences.

In the 1970s / 1980s and perhaps up to early 1990s, huge petrol resources were satellite-discovered deep under the sea floor off-shore from Port-au-Prince, Haiti. To get to these resources is expensive.

Unless they are brought up closer to the surface – for example by an earthquake, that cracks the tectonic plates, letting pressure bring the oil closer into shallower areas.



Assistance camp set up by the Brazilian Army (Licensed under CC BY 3.0 br)

On 12 January 2010, a **7.0 magnitude earthquake struck Haiti, leaving its capital Port-au-Prince devastated. About 220,000 people were reportedly killed.**

Among other aid, the Clinton Foundation was supposed to bring order and development back to Haiti, after the seismic devastation. In fact, the contrary is true. More than ten years later, chaos and crime continue dominating the Haitian part of the island of Hispaniola.

Is there a purpose behind it, other than that the Clinton Foundation enriched itself by the multi-million-dollar donations it received to help restore social and economic order in Haiti?

According to the World Atlas (January 2019), **recent findings have confirmed Haiti's enormous oil and gas reserves. Discoveries show that the nation of Haiti (yet to be confirmed) might have some of the largest oil reserves in the world.** They are estimated to be potentially larger than those of Venezuela. See [this for more details](#).

This amply explains why the United States will not leave Haiti to her independence. The monetary stakes, the riches are too high.

Today, the same Lula, who helped instigate the 2004 coup against President Aristide, is "volunteering" in setting up a UN occupation / security force in Haiti, consisting mainly of Brazilian troops. This military occupation is supposed to bring back order and promote economic development.

They will also prepare the ground – or waters – for massive exploitation and extraction of the huge hydrocarbon reserves. This is the military's hidden agenda. Of course, not part of the official terms of reference.

May Haiti remember her status of the first independent state in Latin America – and rise again.

These hydrocarbon riches belong to the people of Haiti.

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Featured image: FILE PHOTO: United Nations peacekeepers conduct a patrol in Port-au-Prince, Haiti, April 2004. (Credit: UN / Sophia Paris)

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